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APPLIC	ATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/-	141,627	11/16/1999	BRIAN E. WILLIAMS	S324-J	4715	
	7590	05/05/2003	JL/		JL/	
BF	BRUCE A JAGGER			EXAMINER		
	O BOX 29000 LENDALE, CA	912099000		ZIMMERMAN, JOHN J		
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1775		
				DATE MAILED: 05/05/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			A-S					
	Application	N .	Applicant(s)					
	09/441,627		WILLIAMS ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit					
	John J. Zimm		1775					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 A	A <u>pril 2003</u> .							
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	is action is no	n-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disp sition of Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14</u> is/are pending in the application.								
4a) Of the above claim(s) 4,5,7-10,13 and 14 is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,6 and 12</u> is/are rejected.								
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11</u> is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) <u>11</u> is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>18 April 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	-,		y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					

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OFFICE ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on April 18, 2003 has been entered. Claims 1-14 are pending in this application and elected claims 1-3, 6 and 11-12 are currently being prosecuted.

Restriction Requirement

2. Applicant's election of Group I, Species 2 (claims 6 and 11), in the <u>Response</u> received December 13, 2001 was noted in the previous Office Actions. In view of the election, generic claims 1-3 and 12 (claims drawn to no specific compositions) and species claims 6 and 11 (drawn specifically to ceramics) have been examined in this prosecution. Claims 4-5, 7-10 and 13-14 have been withdrawn from consideration at this time as being drawn to non-elected inventions. At this time the generic claims have not been held to be allowable (see the rejections, below) and the restriction was made Final in the prior Office Actions.

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Drawings

3. The formal drawings received April 18, 2003 have been approved.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 5. Claims 2 and 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 6. In claim 2, line 3, it is not clear how "at least" relates to the two points in the range of "20 to 30 pores per linear inch". The limitation "at least" is usually associated with only a single point and it is not clear how it can be associated with two points defining a range.
- 7. In claim 3, it is unclear how to interpret "made of about the same inorganic materials". A review of the applicant's disclosure shows no guidance in interpreting this limitation. It is not clear what would be considered (or not considered) "about the same". It is not clear if this limitation refers to the same types of inorganic materials (e.g. a ceramic substrate with a ceramic skin, a metal substrate with a metal skin, etc. . .) or refers to the same specific inorganic compositions (e.g. silicon carbide foam substrate with a silicon carbide skin).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

- 9. Claims 1-3, 6 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Japanese publication 63-2873.
- Japanese publication 63-2873 discloses a formed in situ (plasma sprayed) continuous skin bonded directly to a ceramic foam substrate (e.g. see Figures 1a and 1b). The ceramic skins of the references appear to penetrate the ceramic foam at a depth of less than about 5 pore diameters. The ceramic skins of the references appear to penetrate the ceramic foam at a depth of less than about 2 pore diameters. Regarding the claim limitation that the skin must have "interconnected porosity", the reference clearly shows that the skin has porosity in Figure 2, top graph, and there is no reason to believe that gas would not be able to flow through such a porous skin. Patent and Trademark Office can require applicants to prove that prior art products do not necessarily or inherently possess characteristics of claimed products where claimed and prior art products are identical or substantially identical, or are produced by identical or substantially identical processes; burden of proof is on applicants where rejection based on inherency under 35 U.S.C. § 102 or on prima facie obviousness under 35 U.S.C. § 103, jointly or alternatively, and Patent and Trademark Office's inability to manufacture products or to obtain and compare prior

art products evidences fairness of this rejection, *In re Best, Bolton, and Shaw*, 195 USPQ 431 (CCPA 1977).

Allowable Subject Matter

11. Claim 11 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

- 12. Applicant's arguments and amendments to the claims filed April 18, 2003 have removed most of the rejections from the prior Office Action.
- 13. Regarding the rejection of claims under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Japanese publication 63-2873, applicant argues that there is no evidence that porosity is inherent in flame sprayed coatings and that the record is in fact to the contrary. In response to this argument, the examiner notes that Japanese publication 63-2873 clearly shows that the substrate and the skin have porosity in the top graph in Figure 2, and there is no reason to believe that gas would not be able to flow through the porous skin. Patent and Trademark Office can require applicants to prove that prior art products do not necessarily or inherently possess characteristics of claimed products where claimed and prior art products are identical or substantially identical, or are produced by identical or substantially identical processes; burden of proof is on applicants where rejection based on inherency under 35 U.S.C. § 102 or on prima facie obviousness under

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35 U.S.C. § 103, jointly or alternatively, and Patent and Trademark Office's inability to manufacture products or to obtain and compare prior art products evidences fairness of this rejection, *In re Best, Bolton, and Shaw*, 195 USPQ 431 (CCPA 1977).

Conclusion

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John J. Zimmerman whose telephone number is (703) 308-2512. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:00pm, M-F. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

olin J. Zimmerman Primary Examiner Art Unit 1775